



## dr. Krasznahorkay Attila

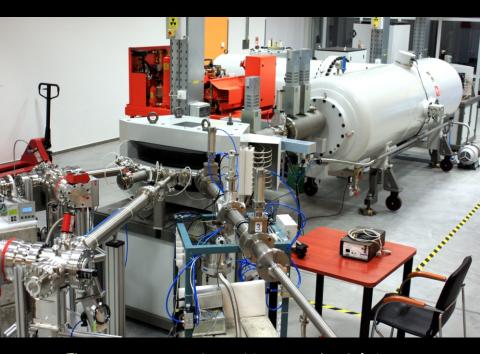
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## The unknown part of the Universe, the dark matter

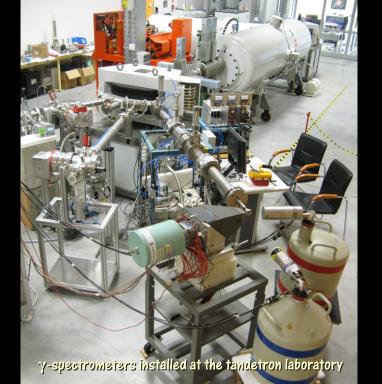
In recent years, new research directions have emerged investigating the dark matter. One of them is the so-called dark photon research. The expected lifetime of the dark photon is very short, and it mainly decays into electron-positron pairs. Studying the high energy e\*-e\* pairs in a magnetic dipole transition of \*Be by using a unique spectrometer built at MTA Atomki, we were able to observe correlated e\*-e\* pairs, which may be created in the decay of a new particle. US theoretical physicists concluded that our data could be evidence for a fifth fundamental force and not for the dark photon. Our publications have generated significant media coverage. If this particle can be detected in other laboratories as well, then this will completely change our current vision of the Universe.

## A few important publications:

- Krasznahorkay A. et al.: Observation of Anomalous Internal Pair Creation in <sup>8</sup>Be : A Possible Indication of a Light, Neutral Boson, PHYS. REV. LETT. 116: 042501, 2016
- 2. Krasznahorkay A. et al.: N=14 and 16 shell gaps in neutron-rich oxygen isotopes, PHYS. REV. C69: 034312, 2004
- 3. Krasznahorkay A. et al.: Excitation of isovector spin-dipole resonances and neutron skin of nuclei, PHYS. REV. LETT. 82: 3216, 1999
- 4. Krasznahorkay A. et al.: On the excitation energy of the ground state in the third minimum of <sup>234</sup>U, PHYS. LETT. B461: 15, 1999
- Krasznahorkay A. et al.: Excitation of the isovector GDR by inelastic alphascattering as a measure of the neutron skin of nuclei, NUCL. PHYS. A567: (3) 521-540, 1994
  - Our original paper on the new boson published in Phys. Rev. Lett
  - Article in Scientific American about our results
  - News in the Hungarian TV (in Hungarian)
  - A talk presented by Prof. Jonathan Feng in USA, about our results



The new tandetron accelerator laboratory in Atomki Debrecen



3Soft



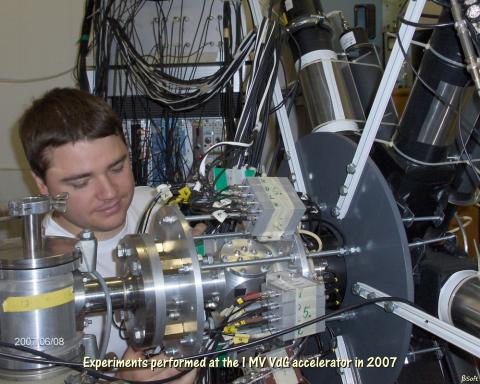
Our pair spectrometer installed recently in the tandetron laboratory



Experiments performed at the cyclotron laboratory with the new pair spectrometer in 2006



Gas filled multi-wire proportional counters used in the pair spectrometer

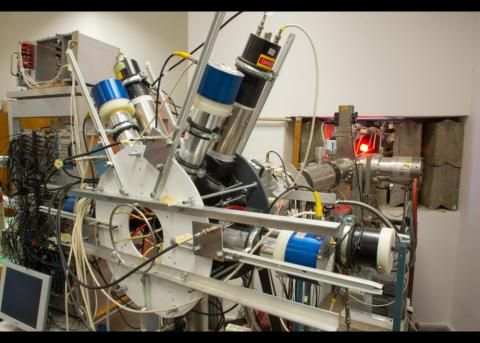






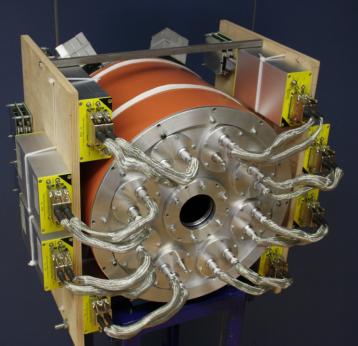


Colourful electronics connected to the pair spectrometer



The Atomki e e pair spectrometer used for the measurements, published in Phys. Rev. Lett.

Sofi



A new version of the pair spectrometer working with time projection chambers

Sof